

What you will learn about:  
Vertex Form

Vertex Form

$$y = a(x-h)^2 + k$$

Vertex  $(h, k)$

Locate the vertex of each quadratic function. Tell whether it is a maximum value or a minimum value. Find the y-intercept for each equation.

$$g(x) = (x-3)^2 + 5$$

V(3, 5)  
min  
 $(0-3)^2 + 5$   
y-intercept  
(0, 14)

$$f(x) = 3(x-7)^2 - 12$$

V(7, -12)  
min  
y-intercept  
(0, 135)

$3(0-7)^2 - 12$   
 $3(7)^2 - 12$   
 $3(49) - 12$   
 $147 - 12$   
135

$$m(x) = (x-1)^2 + 25$$

Vertex (1, 25)  
min  
y-intercept (0, 26)

$$n(x) = -2(x+6)^2 + 20$$

Vertex (-6, 20)  
max  
y-intercept (0, -52)

$-72 + 20$

Completing the Square

Find the value of c that completes the square. Write your expression as a square of a binomial.

$$x^2 + 12x + c$$

$$x^2 - 6x + c$$

$$x^2 - 15x + c$$

$$x^2 + 11x + c$$

$$x^2 - \frac{25}{13}x + c$$